

Redeemer Bible Fellowship Old Testament Overview Series

Leviticus

Purpose: Leviticus contains Yahweh's instruction for how Israel was to live in his presence so that they could enjoy fellowship with Him and fulfill His purpose for them.

God is holy; therefore, His people must be holy.

Outline

- I. The Presence of the Holy God Required Sacrifice (1-10)
 - a. The Sacrificial System (1-7)
 - b. The Priesthood (8-10)
- II. The Presence of the Holy God Required Sanctification (11-27)
 - a. Laws of Purification (11-15)
 - b. Day of Atonement (16)
 - c. Laws for Holy Living (17-25)
 - d. Covenant Blessings and Curses (26)
 - e. Vows and Promises

Notes:

I. The Presence of the Holy God

II. Israel's Call to be Holy

III. The Christian's Call to be Holy

Sacrificial System (1-7)

Sacrifice	Text	Significance	
Burnt Offerings	1:3-17; 6:8-13	Acceptance before God Atonement for sin Devotion to God	Voluntary
Grain Offerings	2; 6:14-23	Thanksgiving for firstfruits	Voluntary
Peace Offerings 1) Thank Offering 2) Vow Offering 3) Freewill Offering	3; 7:11-36; 22:18ff	Fellowship with God	Voluntary
Sin Offerings	4-5:13; 6:24-30	Confession of Sin to God	Mandatory
Guilt Offerings	5:14-6:7; 7:1-10	Confession of Sin to God and Men/Restitution	Mandatory

Feasts of the Lord (23)

Title	Text	Purpose	Significance
Sabbath (weekly)	23:3	Worship and Rest	Recognition of God as Sovereign Creator
Passover Unleavened Bread	23:4-8	Deliverance from Egypt	Recognition of God as Redeemer Recognition of God as Provider
Firstfruits	23:9-14	Consecration of harvest to God	Recognition of God as Provider
Weeks/Pentecost	23:15-22	Celebration of the harvest from God	Recognition of God as Provider
Trumpets	23:23-25	Consecrate sabbatical month	Recognition of God as Creator and Refresher
Atonement	23:26-32; Lev. 16	Atonement for the sins of the nation	Recognition of God as Holy and Faithful
Booths	23:33-43	Rejoice before the Lord commemorating deliverance from Egypt	Recognition of God as Redeemer and Provider